

# AGENDA

- 11:00 – 11:15 Introduction – Doug Sandberg
- 11:15 - 12:15 LBNL Case Studies – Bill Tschudi
- 12:15 – 1:15 Working Lunch – Bill Tschudi and Dave Coup  
Discuss Data Center Research Roadmap
- 1:15 – 2:00 Data Center Thermal Management – Roger Schmidt
- 2:00 – 2:15 Break
- 2:15 – 3:30 NYSERDA – Peter Douglas  
Programs to Support Energy Efficiency in Data Centers

# Data Center Research

Sponsored by:

New York State

Energy Research Authority

and the

California Energy Commission

Bill Tschudi

Lawrence Berkeley National  
Laboratory



# Acknowledgements

NYSERDA

California Energy Commission

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

7 x 24 Exchange

E Source

Syska & Hennessy

Rumsey Engineers

Uptime Institute

RMI

Industry Partners (Too many to name all)

# We also operate data centers ...



# Why Look at Data Centers?

- ◆ Utilities were receiving requests for unrealistic power densities
- ◆ A lot of misinformation was circulating
- ◆ Large continually operating base loads
- ◆ Other High-Tech buildings energy efficiency opportunities were very large
- ◆ Technology improvements are transferable to other building types

# April 10, 2003 San Jose Mercury News

“A new power plant is up and running in San Jose's Alviso neighborhood, but the massive Internet server farm that it was supposed to fuel is nowhere in sight.

The Los Esteros Critical Energy Facility, a 180-megawatt plant built by Calpine in North San Jose, was designed to power an adjacent Internet server farm by U.S. Dataport. The server farm never broke ground -- and company officials didn't return calls Wednesday to say if or when it might -- but Calpine proceeded with the plant anyway, after securing a three-year deal with the state Department of Water Resources to buy power.

Company and state officials say the plant is still needed, even though the state's infamous energy crunch of 2000-01 is long over.”

**180 MW: 900,000 sq.ft. x 200 W/sq.ft**

# New York Data Center Activities

- ❖ Case Study of an older facility used as a recovery center
- ❖ Case Study of a financial institution with increasing energy intensity
- ❖ Collaboration with California leverages data center research - such as development of an energy research roadmap

# California Data Center Activities

- ◆ Case Studies and Energy Benchmarking
- ◆ Characterize CA Market
- ◆ Public Interest Energy Research Roadmap



# Case Studies/Benchmarks

## ◆ New York - NYSERDA

- ❑ Recovery Center – Upstate New York
- ❑ Financial Institution – New York, NY

## ◆ California - 6 Data Centers at 4 Sites

- ❑ Storage Device Mfg. – 2 data centers, Sunnyvale CA
- ❑ Bank – San Francisco, CA
- ❑ Web hosting – 2 data centers - San Jose, CA
- ❑ State facility – Sacramento, CA

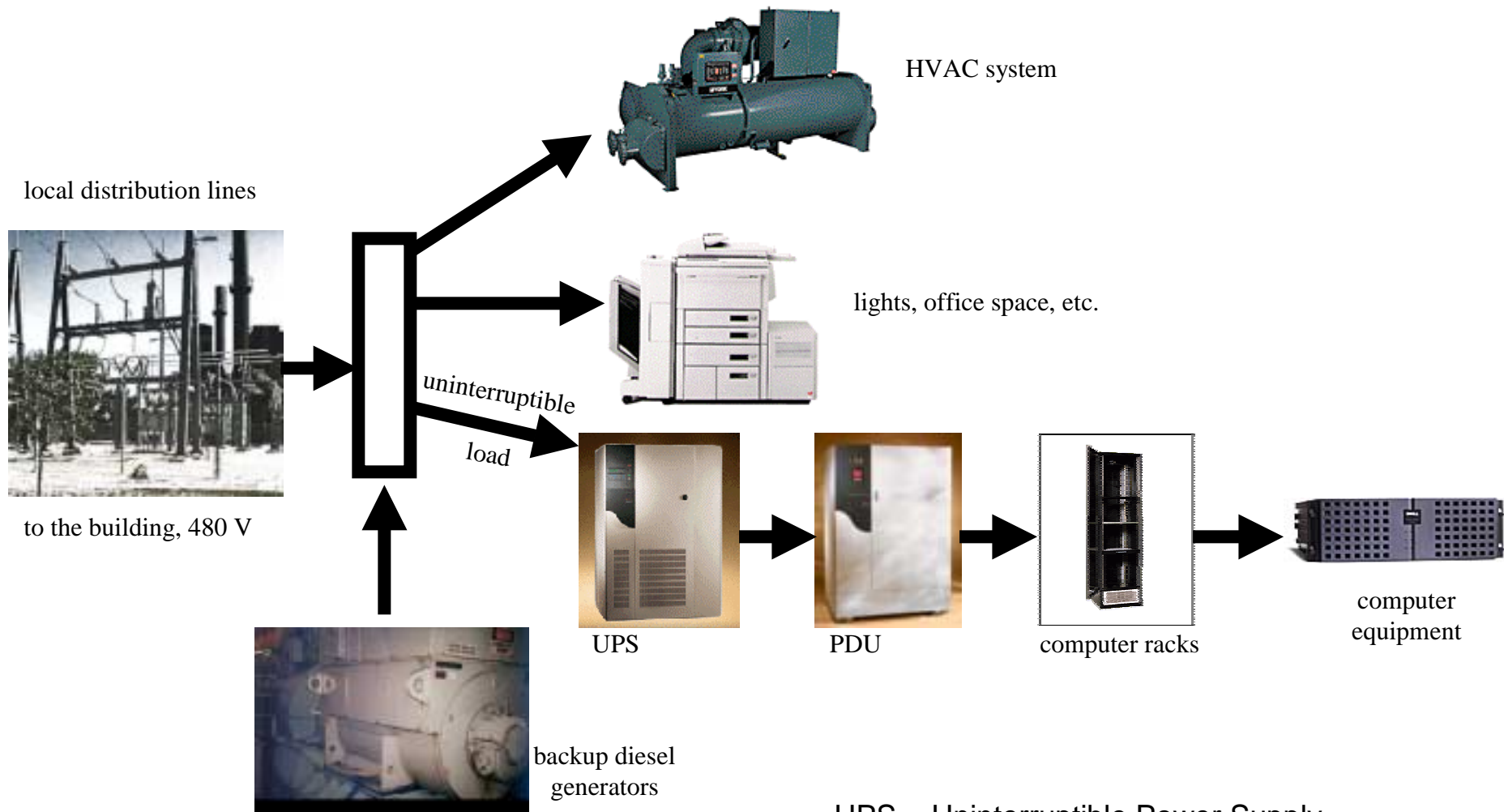
# Case Studies/Benchmarks

## ◆ Federal Energy Management Program

- ❑ Federal facility – 2 data centers, Fresno, CA
- ❑ LBNL operated data center – Oakland, CA

## ◆ Jennifer Mitchell-Jackson Case Study

# Electricity Flows in Data Centers

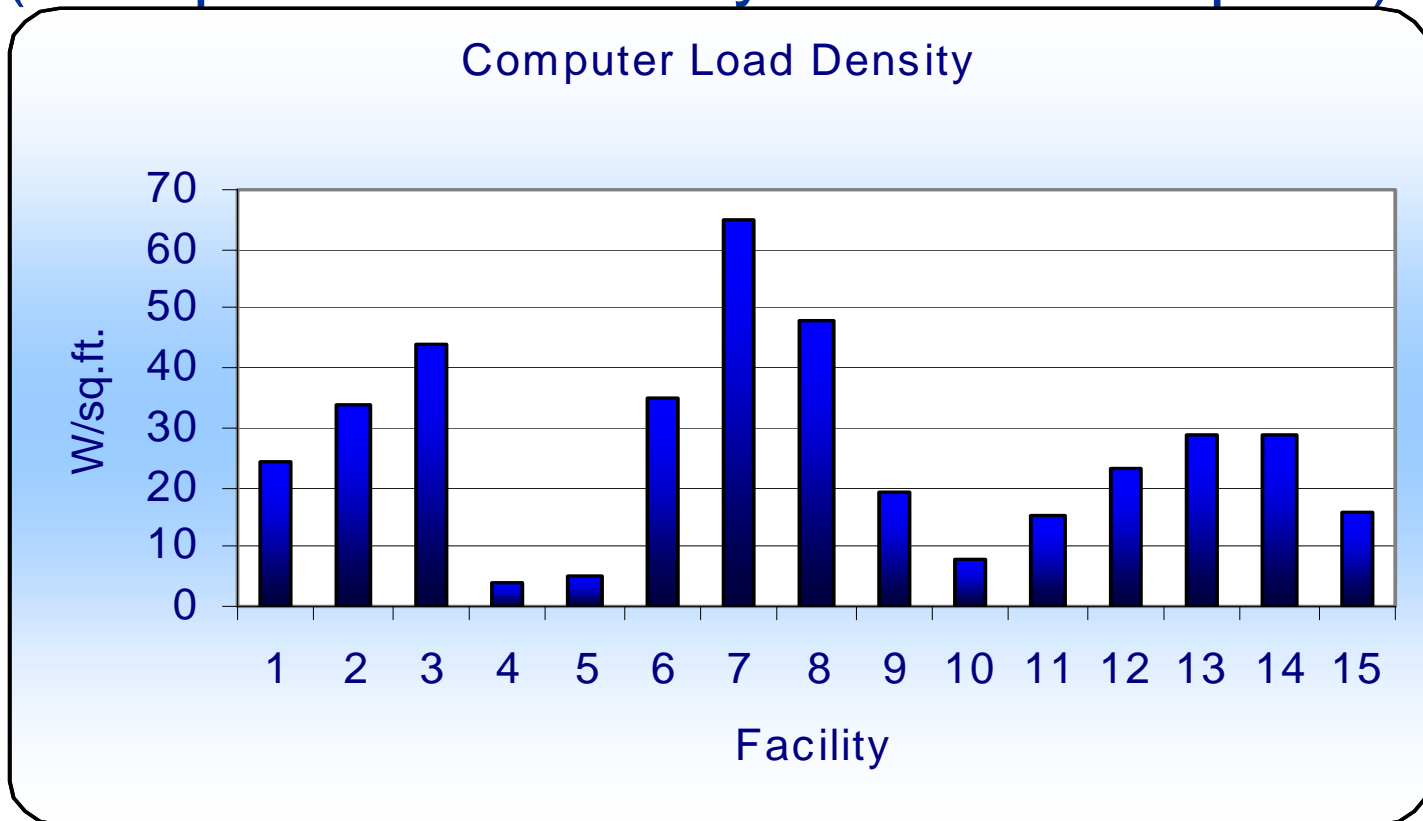


UPS = Uninterruptible Power Supply

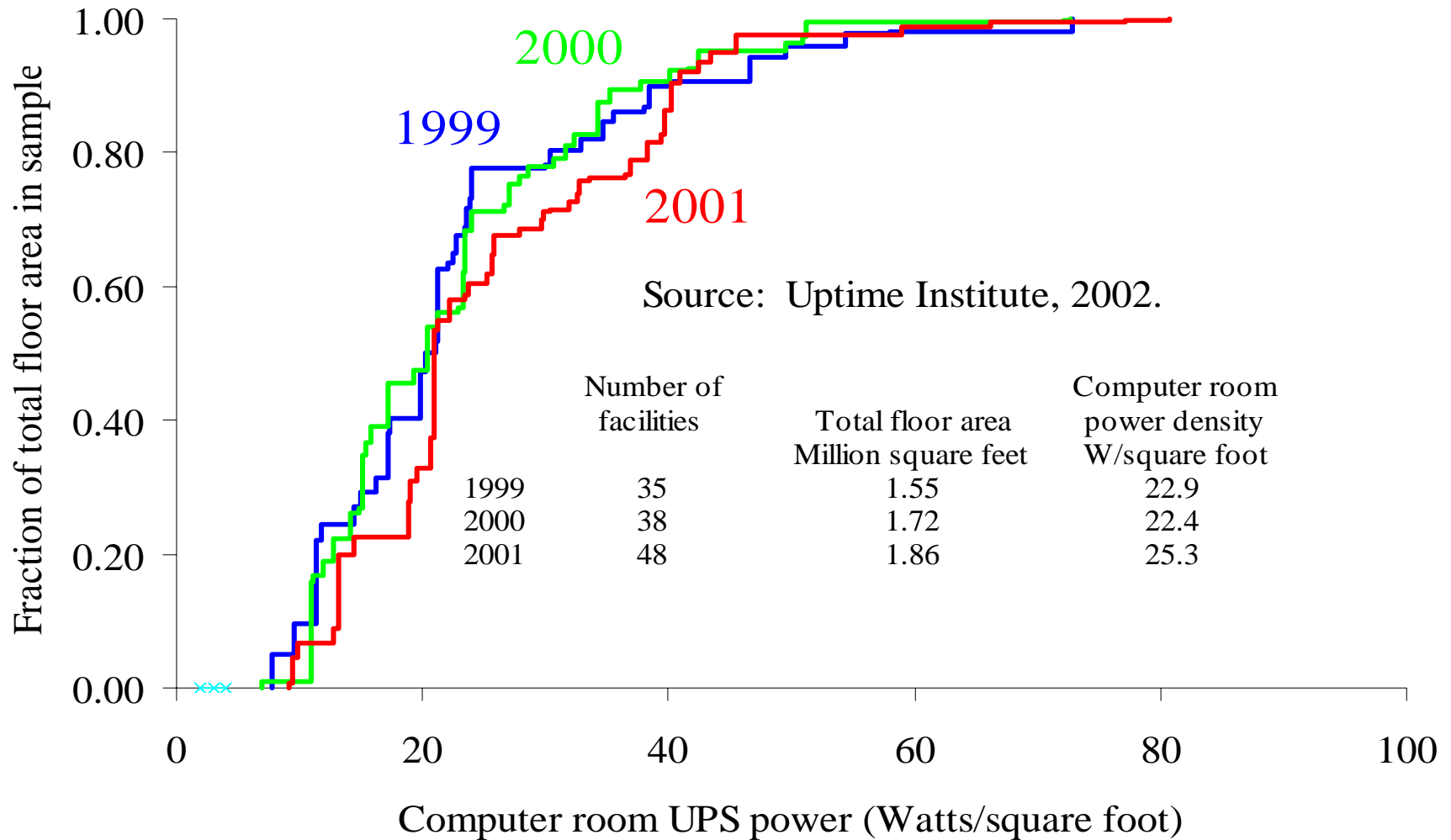
PDU = Power Distribution Unit;

# Benchmarking Computer Loads

(W/Sq.Ft. of electrically active floor space)

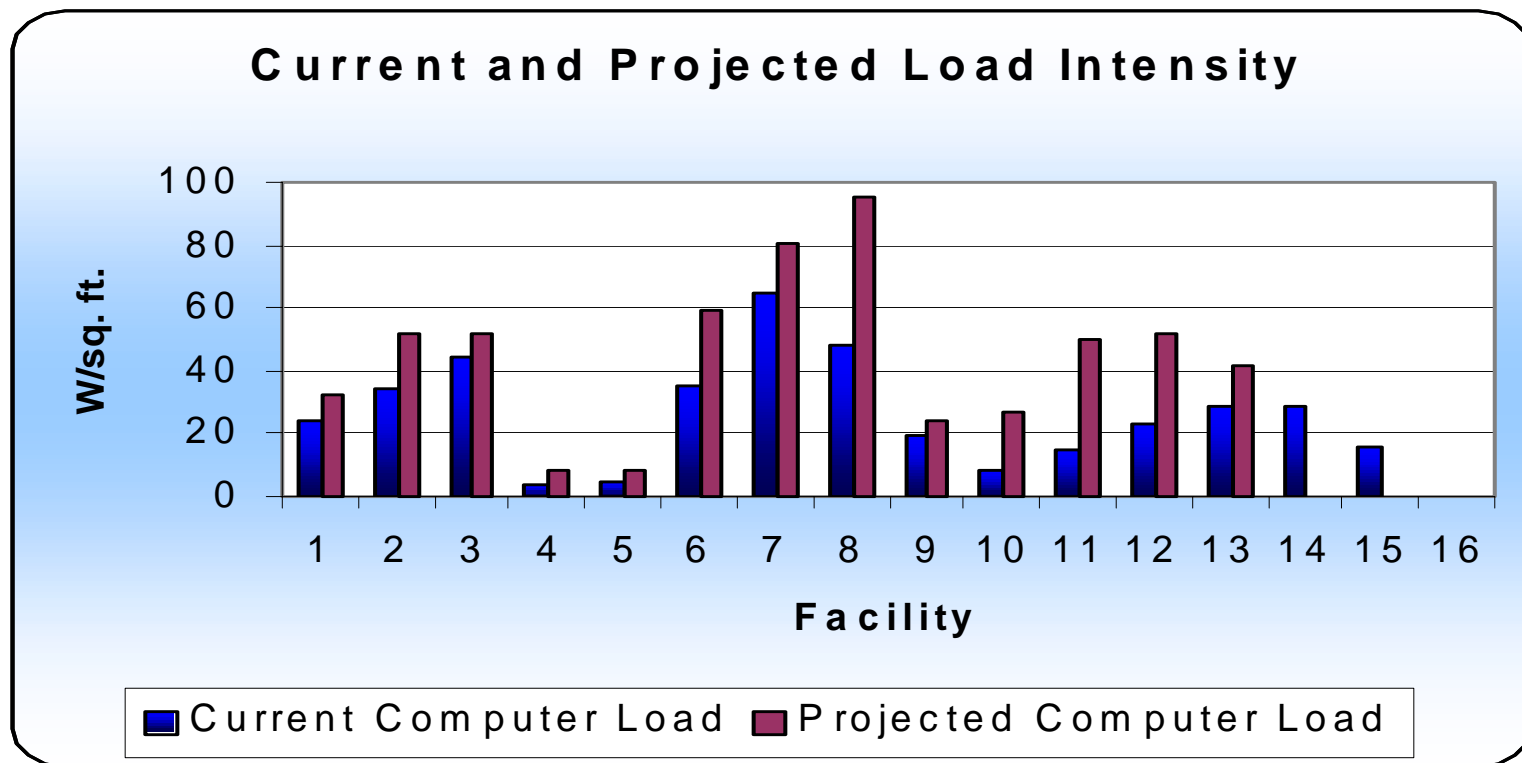


# Distribution of Computer Room Power Reported to Uptime Institute

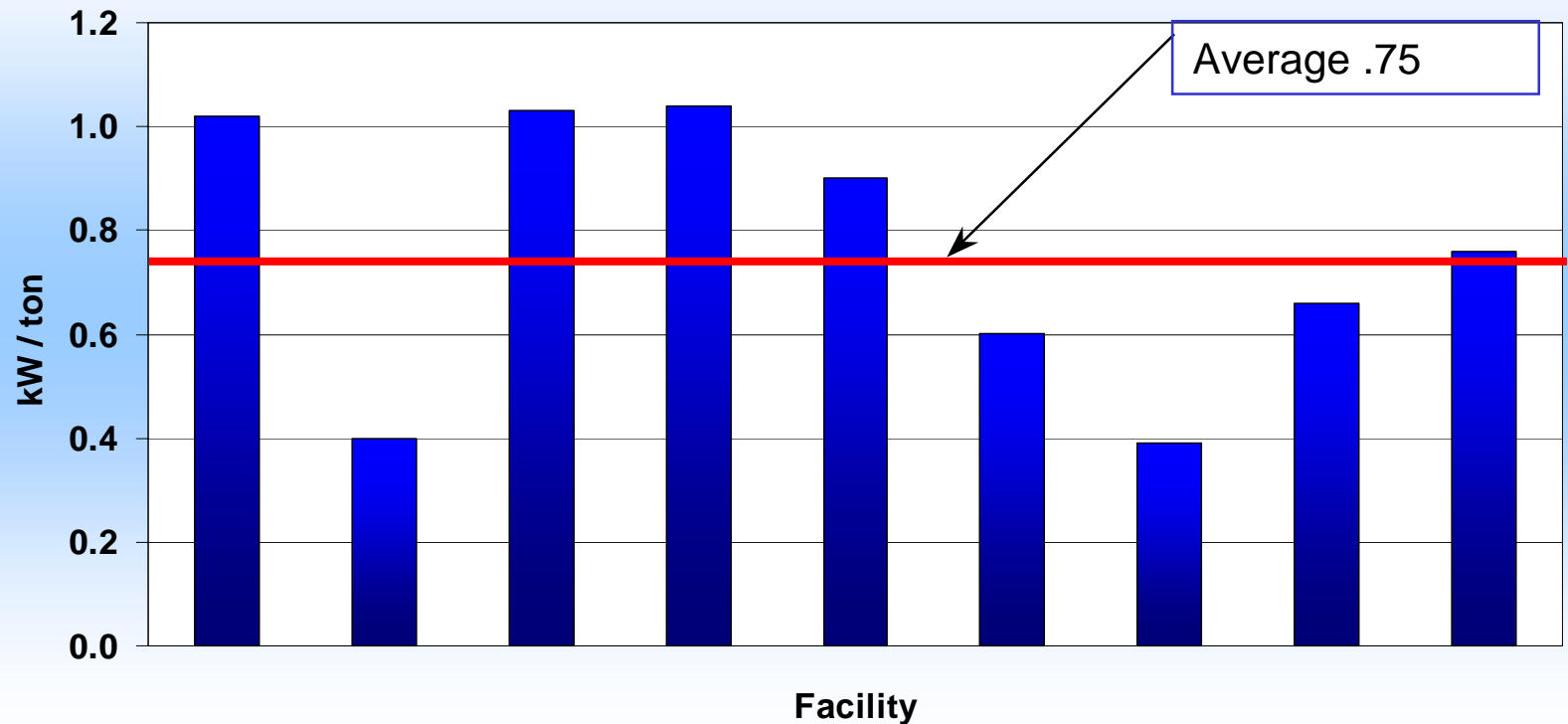


# Projecting Computing Load When Fully Loaded

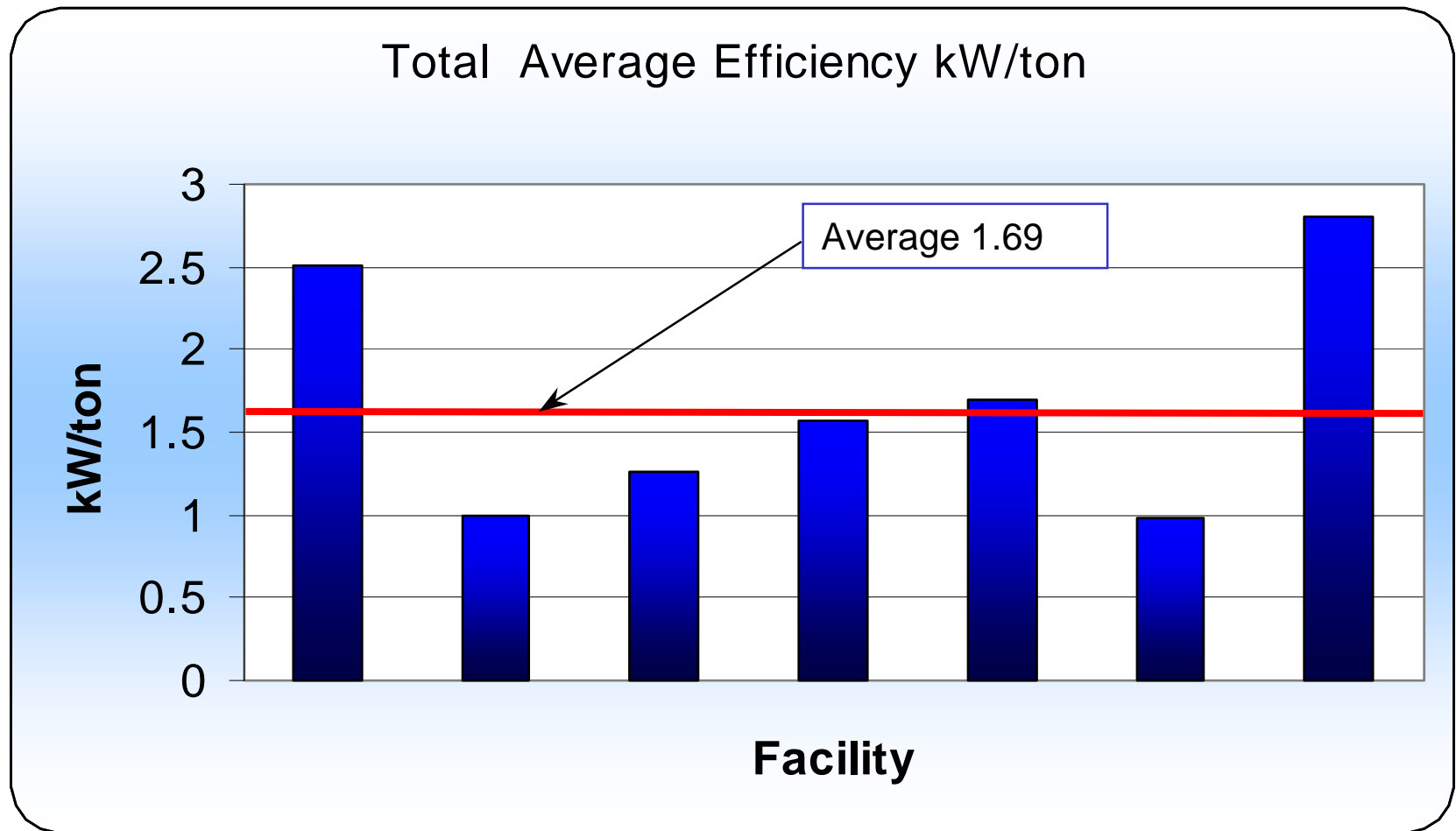
(W/Sq.Ft. of electrically active floor space)



# Chiller Comparison

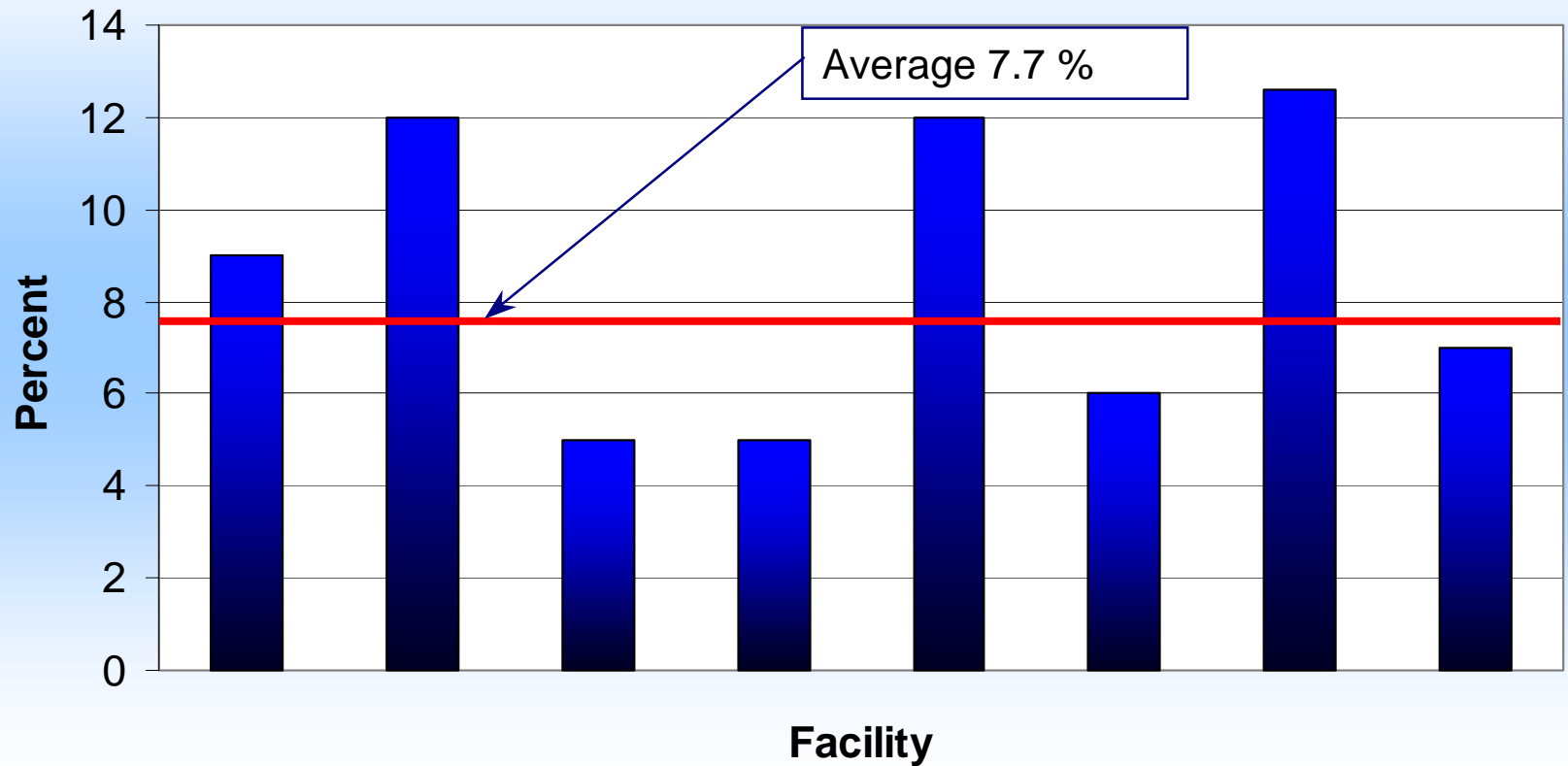


# Total Chilled Water System Efficiency

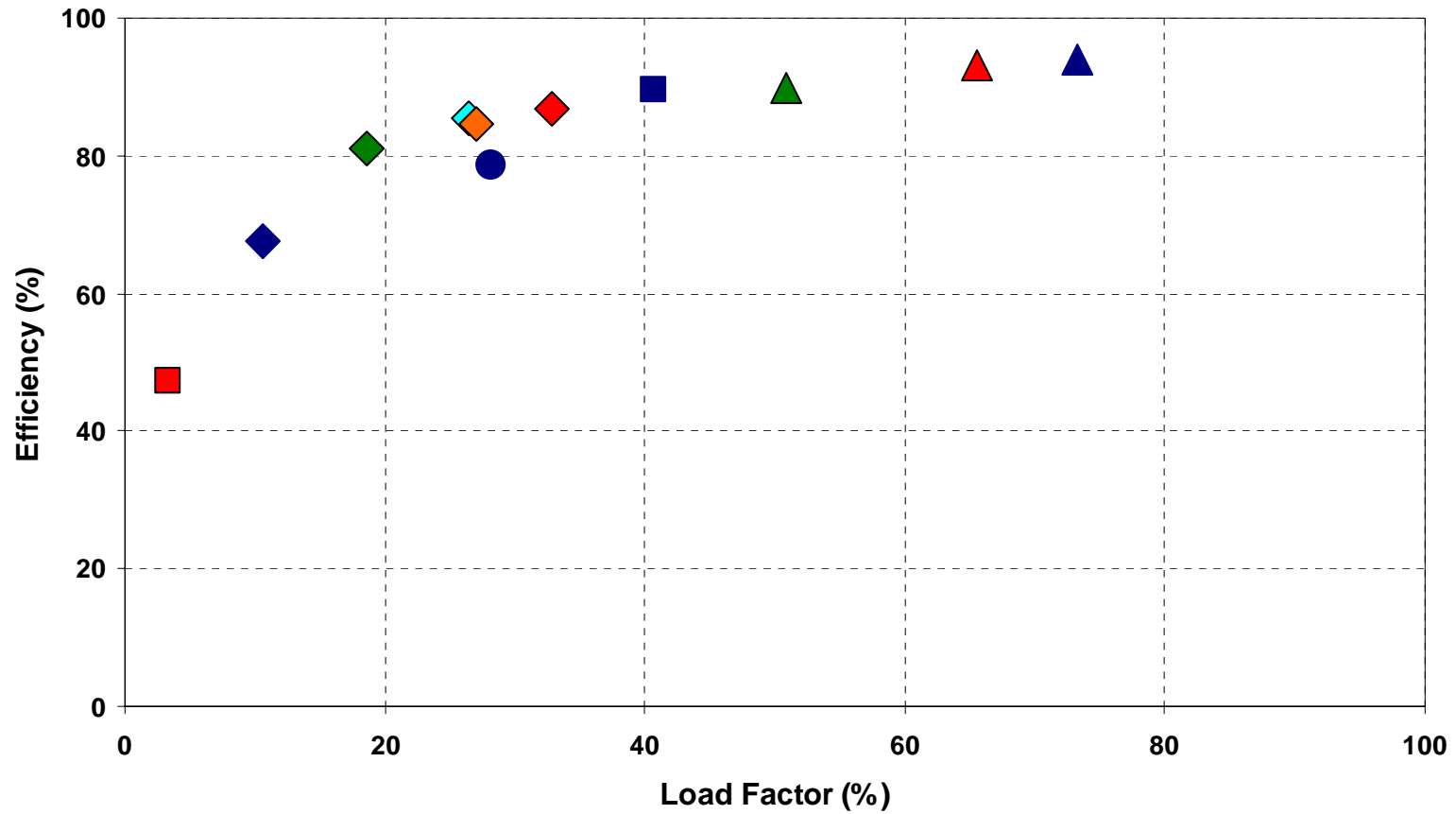




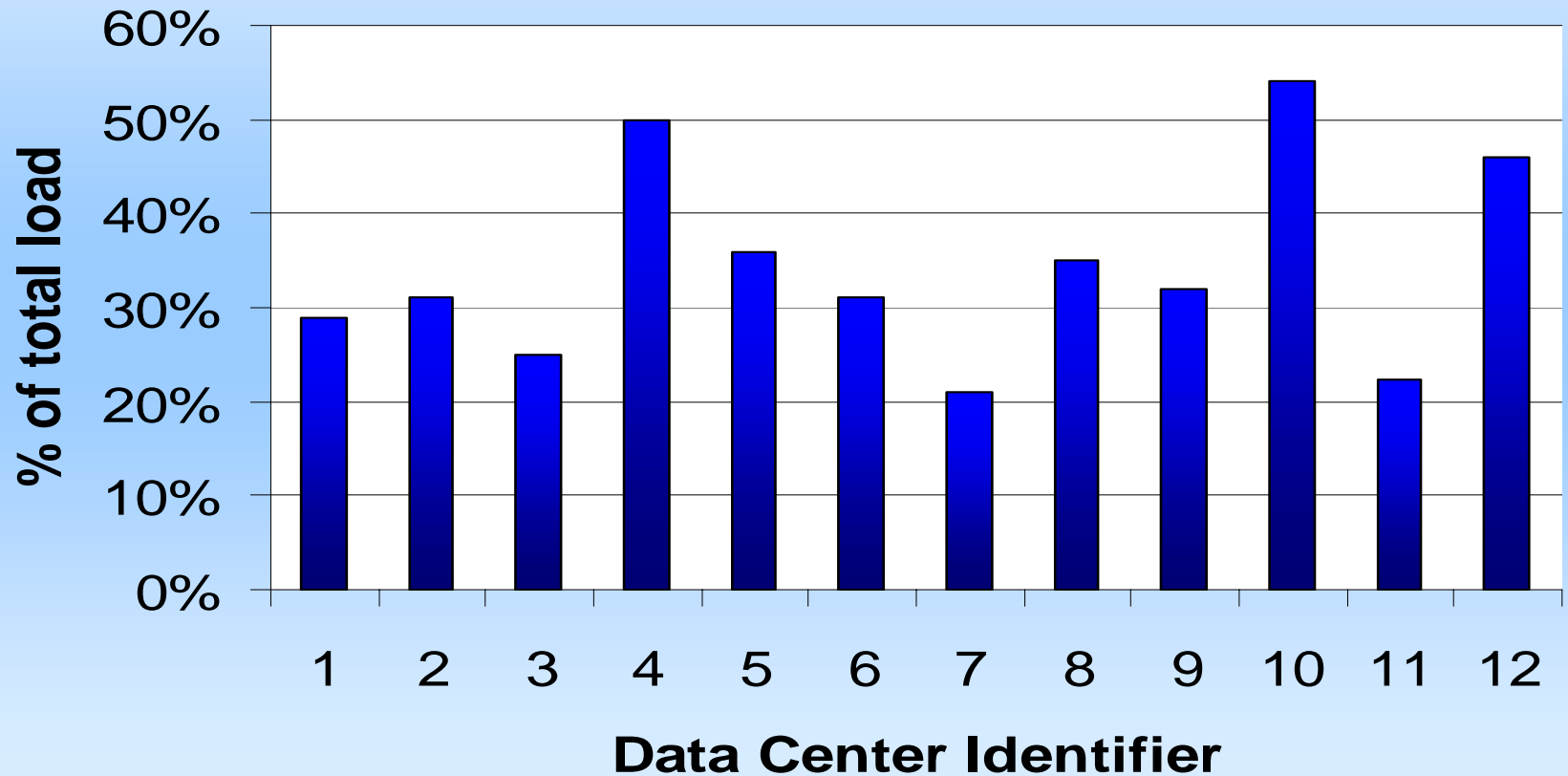
## Loss in UPS as a percent of total



## UPS Efficiency



# HVAC (as a % of total load)



# Index of Performance

The Uptime Institute proposes a metric termed:

Index of Performance = Building systems KW ÷ UPS Output

# Metrics

◆ Computer load intensity:

W/sq. ft. electrically active space

◆ UPS losses: %

◆ Chilled water: kW/ton; W/sq.ft.

◆ End use pie chart: W/end use; W/sq.ft.

◆ Occupancy:

- % full (subjective)

- % loaded – UPS or PDU

# Possible Additional Benchmarks

- ◆ Computations per Kilowatt: mips/kW
- ◆ Nameplate vs. Actual Comparisons
  - ◆ IT Equipment
  - ◆ UPS
  - ◆ Chillers
  - ◆ Transformers
- ◆ Standby generator energy losses (heaters etc.)
- ◆ Others?

# General Recommendations

- ◆ Benchmark to Know Where You Stand
- ◆ Life Cycle Cost Analysis
- ◆ Facilities partnership with IT Professionals
- ◆ Evaluate Load Spreading vs Compaction

# Energy Efficiency Recommendations

## ◆ Match Systems to Real Loads

- ❑ Efficient Operation at Part Loads
- ❑ Ability to Add Load
- ❑ Modular Design

## ◆ Use of Free Cooling

- ❑ Plate/Frame Heat Exchanger
- ❑ Cooling Towers
- ❑ Air Side Economizers



# Energy Efficiency Recommendations

## Air Cooling

- ◆ Air Handler Efficiency
- ◆ Avoid simultaneous humidification/dehumidification

# Energy Efficiency Recommendations, con't

## Air Cooling - Air Management

- ❑ Hot/Cold Aisles
- ❑ Seal Openings
- ❑ Temperature and Humidity
- ❑ Take Advantage of Thermal Stratification

# Efficient Reliability

## ◆ UPS systems

- Configure to Operate Near Rated Load
- Compare System Efficiencies at Expected Operation
- Inertial vs Battery Systems

## ◆ Standby Generator Losses

# Ideas for the Future

- ◆ Minimize Power Conversions
- ◆ Eliminate Individual Power Supplies
- ◆ Eliminate Individual Fans
- ◆ On-Site Generation (DC) with Grid Back-up

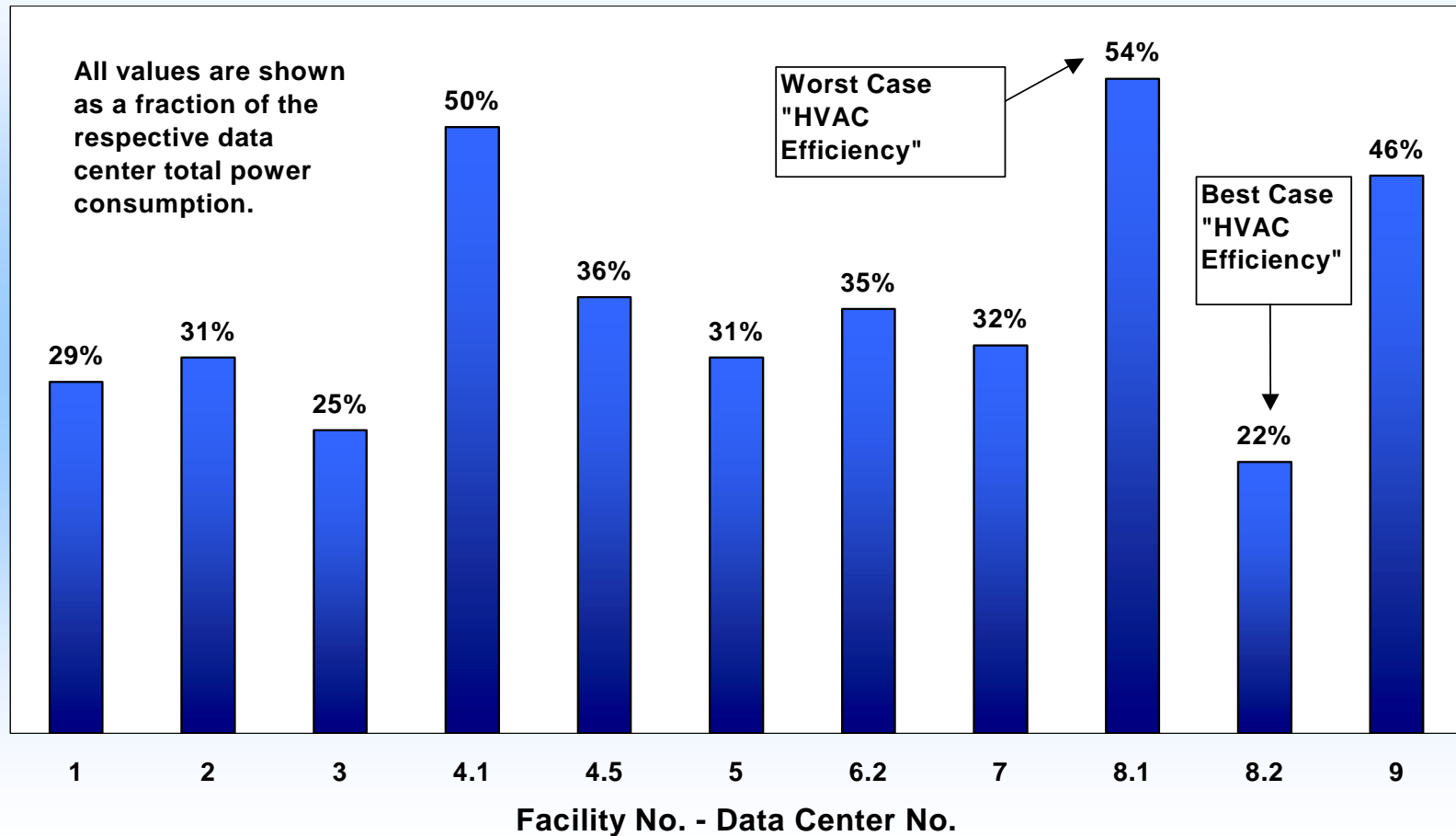
# Case Study

## Facility 8

- ❑ Two different HVAC schemes in one building
- ❑ State of the art Internet Server Hotel
- ❑ No raised floor/ Overhead cooling & Cabling
- ❑ Management commitment to efficient operation operation
- ❑ Located in mild climate

# Facility 8 in Perspective

## HVAC Power Consumption



# Facility 8 Site Characteristics

## Data Center 8.1

- 26,200 sq ft
- 6 UPS's – 3 per “side”
- Redundancy: n+1 at PDU level, n+2 at UPS level
- Overhead ducted air distribution
- Air-cooled constant volume CRAC units



# Facility 8 Site Characteristics

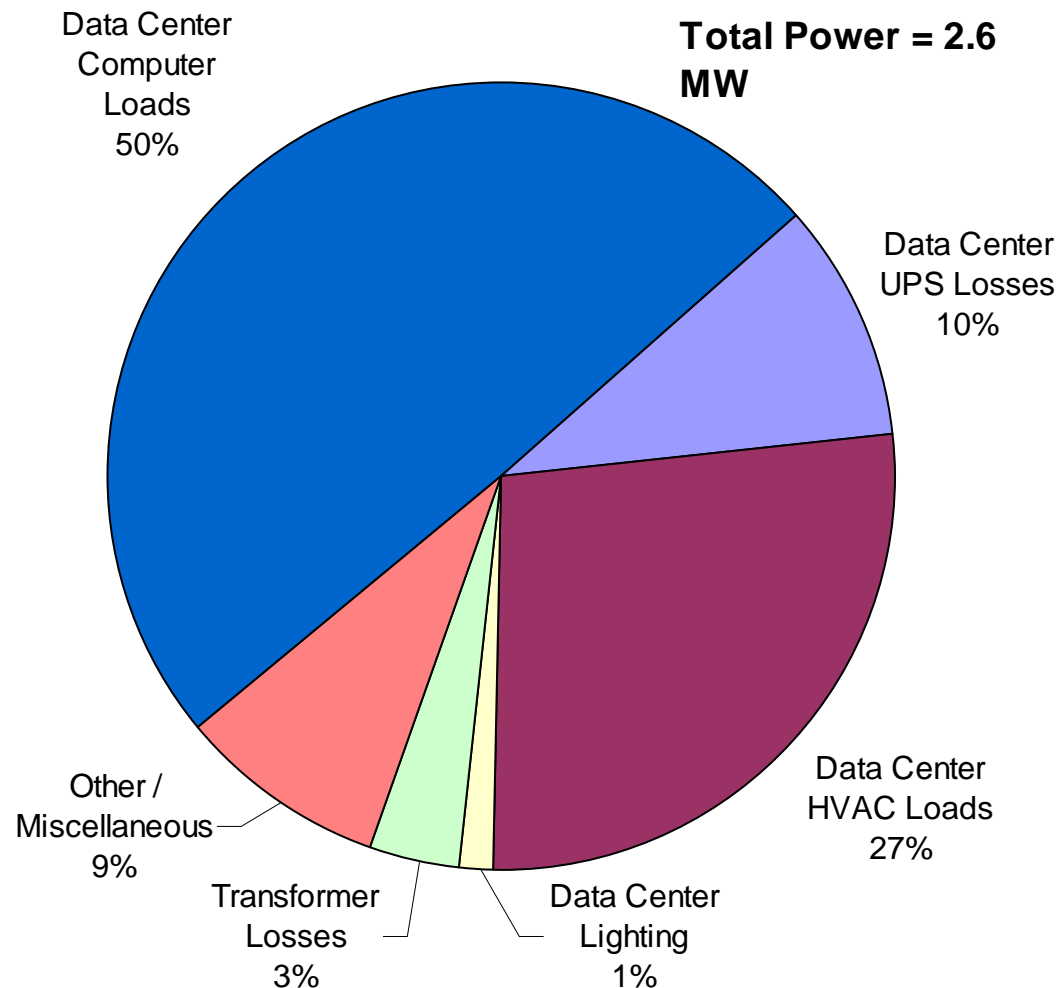
## Data Center 8.2

- 73,000 sq ft
- 5 UPS's
- Redundancy: n+1 at PDU level
- Overhead ducted air distribution
- Central Chilled Water Plant
- Central air handling system
- Variable speed chiller, secondary pumps, air handlers



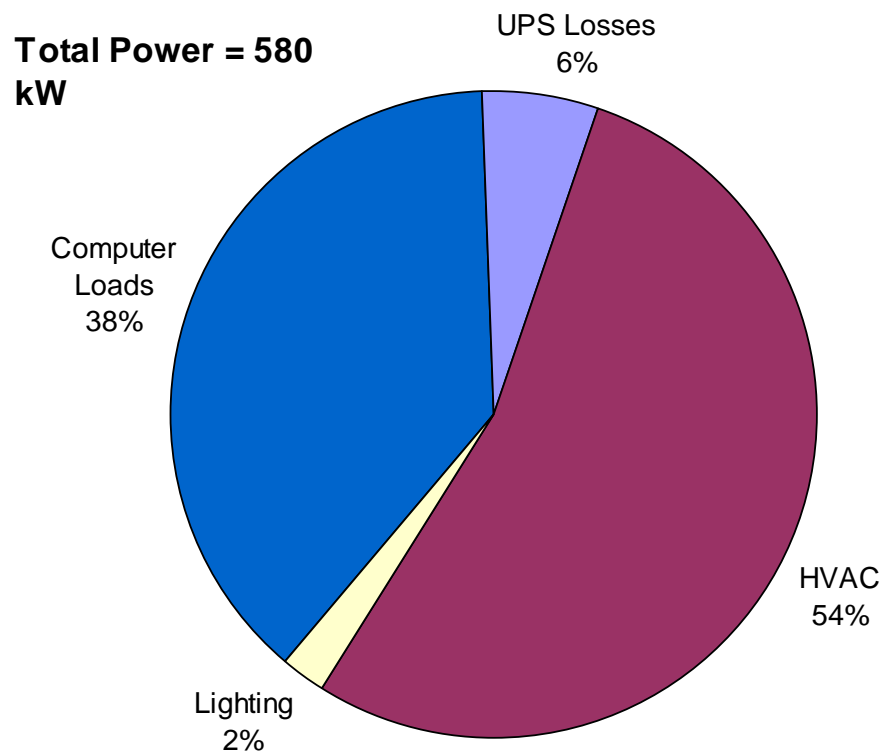


# Whole Building End Use

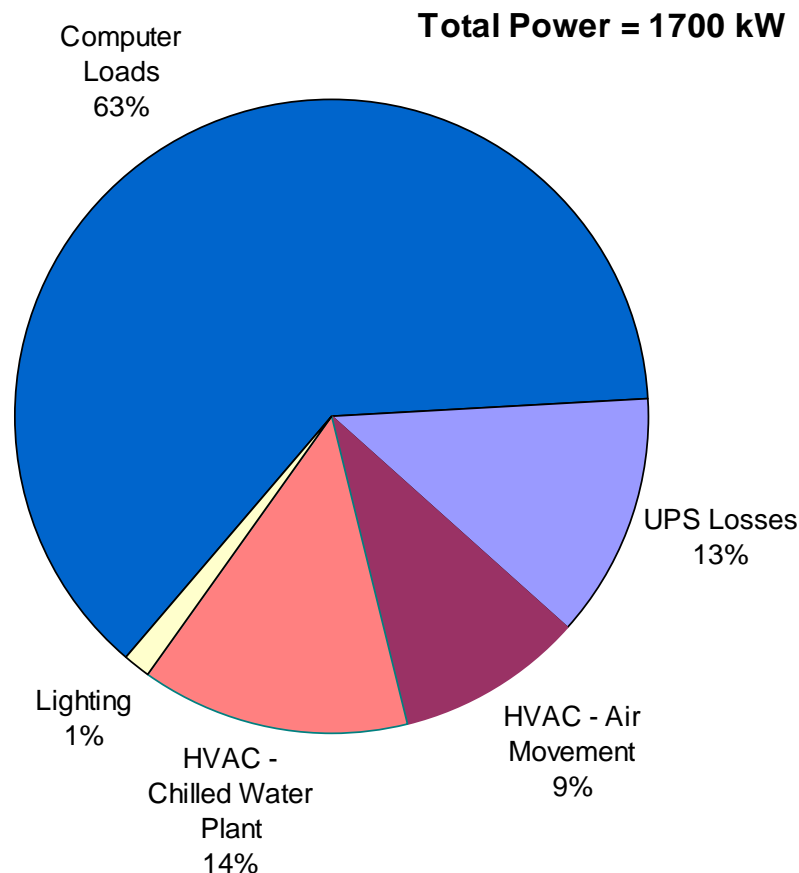


# Facility 8 Electricity End-Use

## Data Center 8.1



## Data Center 8.2



# Efficiency Metrics

## Data Center 8.1

Metric	Value	Units
Data Center Computer Power Density	8.5	W/sf
Data Center Cooling Power Density	12	W/sf
Cooling kW : Computer Load kW	1.4	--

## Data Center 8.2

Metric	Value	Units
Data Center Computer Power Load Density	14.5	W/sf
Data Center Cooling Power Load Density	5.3	W/sf
Cooling kW : Computer Load kW	0.4	--

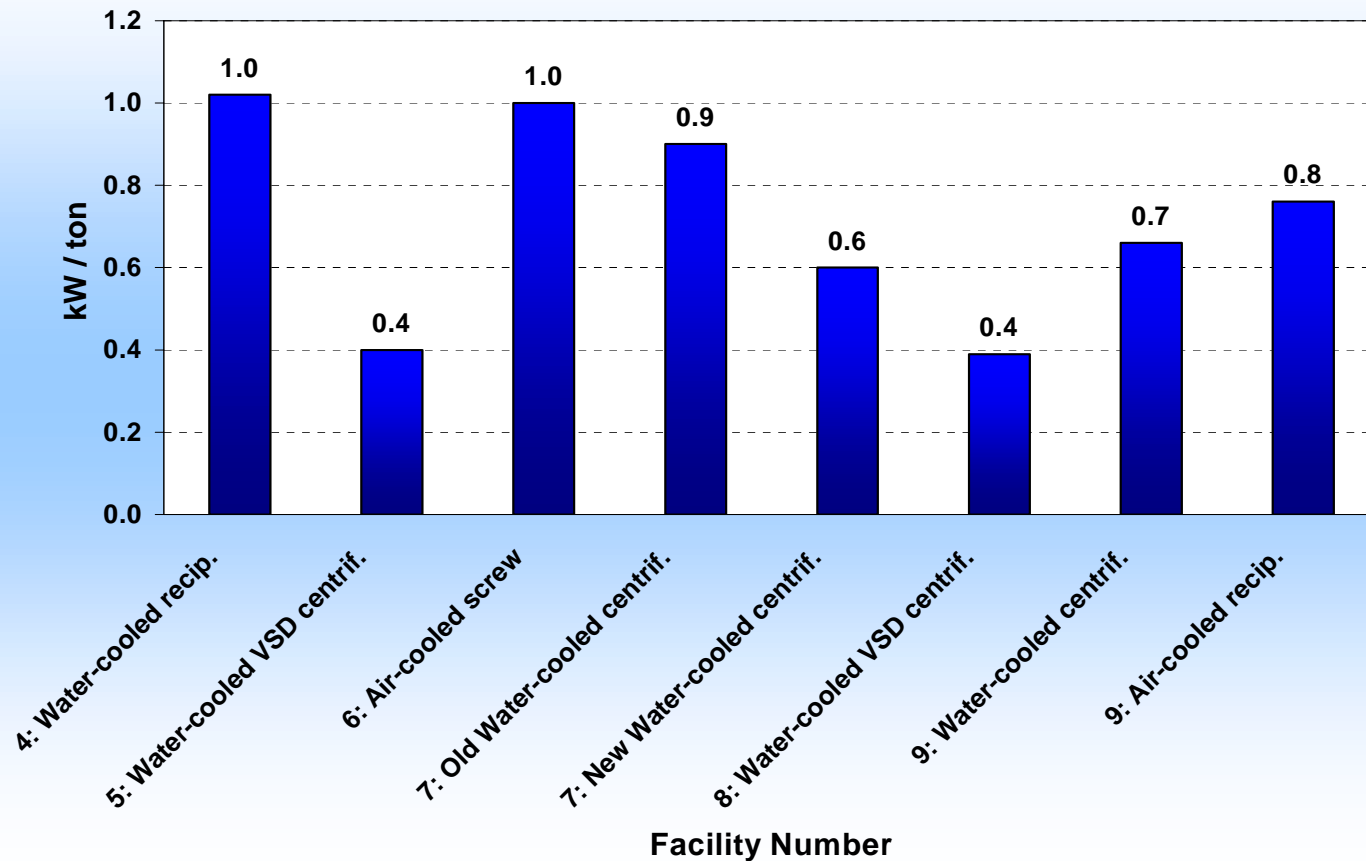
# Efficiency Metrics

Chiller Efficiency 0.4 kW/ton

Chilled water plant Efficiency 0.6 kW/ton

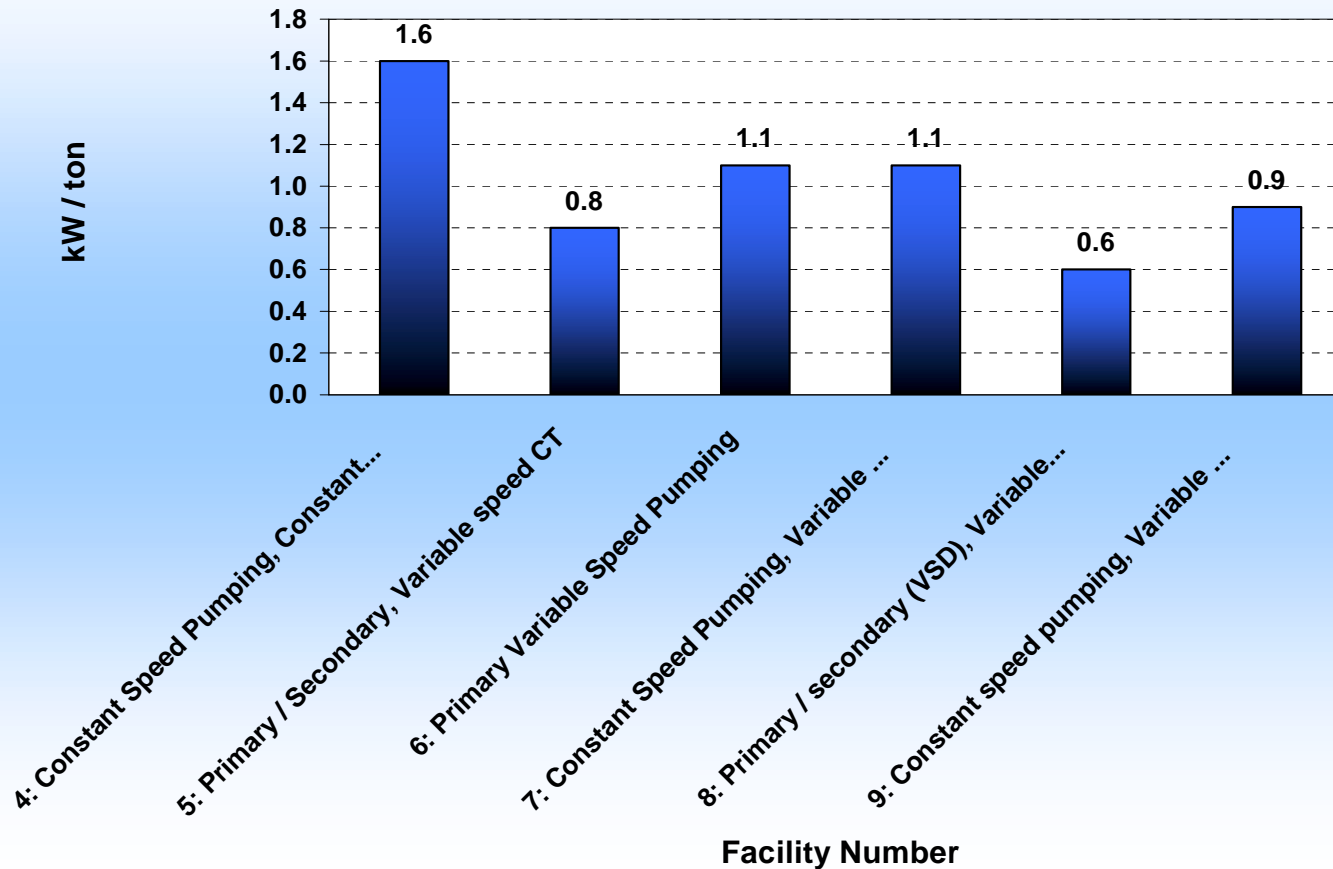
# Chiller Efficiency

## Chiller Efficiency



# Chilled Water Plant Efficiency

Chilled Water Plant Efficiency



# How did they do it?

## Data Center 8.1

- Air cooled CRAC units
- No economizing
- Constant Speed Fans
- Humidification fighting itself
- All CRAC units on

## Data Center 8.2

- Optimal central chilled water plant
- Optimal central air handling units
- Little humidity control
- Good control
- Data Monitoring – Gateways, EMCS

# How can they do even better?

## Data Center 8.1 Recommendations

- Disable humidification control
- Turn off CRAC units
- Rotate UPSs
- Space temperature setpoints





# How can they do even better?

## Data Center 8.2 Recommendations

- Monitoring - chiller, total chiller plant kW/Ton
- Run Cooling towers in parallel, nozzle replacement
- Chilled water setpoint
- Condenser water temperature reset



# Common Findings

- ❑ Humidity Control and CRAC unit fighting
- ❑ Lighting Control
- ❑ Air side Economizing
- ❑ Variable Speed Drives – pumps, chillers, fans
- ❑ Control strategies - setpoints, cooling tower staging
- ❑ High ceilings important with Underfloor (thermal stratification)
- ❑ Air management common problem
- ❑ Low UPS loading

# Data Center Energy Roadmap

- ◆ Input through workshops, conferences, and contacts with Industry professionals.
- ◆ Participation in design charrette facilitated by the Rocky Mountain Research Institute (RMI)
- ◆ Roadmap will be available on the LBNL website:

<http://datacenters.lbl.gov>

# Upcoming Activities

- ◆ Benchmark additional data centers in CA
- ◆ Best Practices identification
- ◆ Demonstrations (Possibly Air Management Improvement)
- ◆ Self Benchmarking Protocol
- ◆ UPS Efficiency
- ◆ Power Supplies Efficiency
- ◆ Standby Generator losses

# Data Center websites

- ◆ <http://Datacenters.lbl.gov>
- ◆ [www.upsite.com](http://www.upsite.com)
- ◆ [www.7X24exchange.org](http://www.7X24exchange.org)
- ◆ [www.itherm.org](http://www.itherm.org)
- ◆ <http://www.me.gatech.edu/me/publicat/brochures/ochures/Mettl/Bro0302.htm>